



Beijing-Dublin International College



SEMESTER II FINAL EXAMINATION - 2016/2017

School of Computer Science

COMP2004J DATABASES AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS

Professor Pádraig Cunningham

Dr. Ruihai Dong *

Time Allowed: 120 minutes

Instructions for Candidates

This paper consists of five questions, and four questions to be attempted. All questions carry equal marks. You are required to use the given Examination Book only.

BJUT Student ID: _____ **UCD Student ID:** _____

I have read and clearly understand the Examination Rules of both Beijing University of Technology and University College Dublin. I am aware of the Punishment for Violating the Rules of Beijing University of Technology and/or University College Dublin. I hereby promise to abide by the relevant rules and regulations by not giving or receiving any help during the exam. If caught violating the rules, I accept the punishment thereof.

Honesty Pledge: _____ **(Signature)**

Instructions for Invigilators

Non-programmable calculators are permitted.

No rough-work paper is to be provided for candidates.

Obtained score

Question 1:

- (a) In Relational database theory, what is the closure property? Why is this important when performing operations on relations?

[5 marks]

- (b) For each of the following three relational concepts, explain the key ideas behind using suitable examples.

- Domain Integrity
- Entity Integrity
- Referential Integrity

[10 marks]

- (c) Describe three phases of database design.

[5 marks]

- (d) Explain Cartesian product of two relations R and S described as below. Assume that R has three attributes: **A**, **B**, **C** and S has two attributes: **D** and **E**.

R

A	B	C
1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9

S

D	E
4	4
5	6
2	4

[5 marks]**[Total 25 marks]**

Obtained score

Question 2:

(a) Write an SQL statement to create a table called “Employees”, with the following details:

Attributes:

- **employee_id**, which contains an employee’s ID number: a number that is always 8 digits long.
- **first_name**, which is a string no longer than 30 characters.
- **last_name**, which is a string no longer than 30 characters.
- **DOB**, which is the Date of Birth of an employee.
- **department_id**, which contains the ID of a department: an alphanumeric code that is 10 characters long.

Other Information:

- employee_id is the primary key of this table.
- department_id attribute is a foreign key that refers to an attribute named “id” in a table named “Department”.
- If the “id” in the “Department” table is changed, these changes should cause an ON UPDATE CASCADE reaction on the “Employee” table.

[7 marks]

(b) Study the relational schema below, and write SQL statement to answer the questions that follow.

Employees(employee_id, first_name, last_name, DOB, salary, department_id)

Departments(department_id, department_name, office)

Projects(project_id, department_id, project_name)

Works(employee_id, project_id, hours)

- Show the details of top 10 employees with higher salary from the “Employee” table.
[3 marks]
- For each department, list their name and the number of employees (If a department has no employee, 0 should be displayed) and the average salary.
[3 marks]
- For each employee, show their name and the name of their department.
[3 marks]
- For each employee, show their name and the total hours worked on all projects.
[3 marks]
- Insert a new row into “Employees” table with the following details:
employee_id: 15652759
first_name: Rui
last_name: Yuan
DOB: January 2nd 1980

salary: 30,000
department_id:121

[3 marks]

- Change the details of the employee with employee_id “15652757” as he moved to department Computer Science with department_id “119”.

[3 marks]

[Total 25 marks]

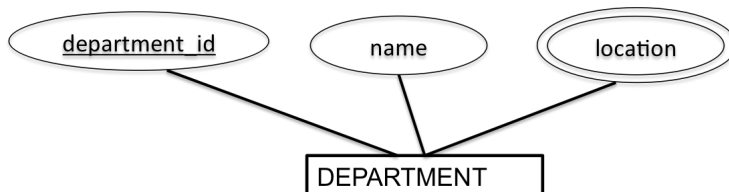
Obtained
score

Question 3:

- (a) What is weak entity type?

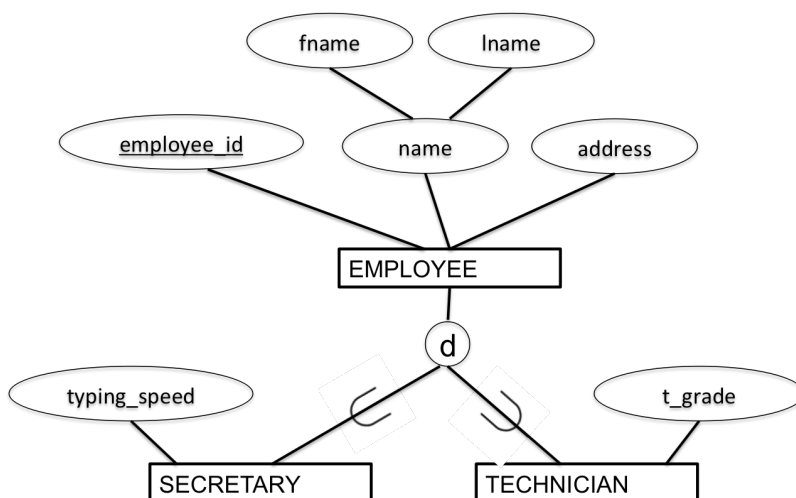
[3 marks]

- (b) Transform the following entity relationship diagram into the relational model.



[3 marks]

- (c) Transform the following entity relationship diagram into the relational model.



[4 marks]

(d) BDIC is about to launch a music company, which needs a new database to be developed to store all the necessary information about musicians, albums, songs, and live performances. Following is further detail:

- Each musician in the company has a unique SSN, first name, last name, an address, and a phone number.
- Each album recorded has an album ID, title and an author (musician).
- Each album has a number of songs on it. Each song has a unique Song ID, name, length, and a track number.
- Each song is performed by one or more musicians, and a musician may perform a number of songs.
- Musicians also perform in live performances. The company wants to keep track of the location and time of each performance that a given musician took part in.

Draw entity relationship diagram for the above specification, and explain the process.

[15 marks]

[Total 25 marks]

Obtained score

Question 4:

A company keeps track of sales invoices by using the relational schema below. Study the relational schema and answer the questions that follow.

Relation schema:

Orders(order_id, order_date, customer_id, customer_name, customer_adress, customer_city, item_id, item_description, item_quantity, item_price, item_total_price, order_total_price)

(a) Identify the functional dependencies of the relation schema.

[3 marks]

(b) Show two types of anomaly that could occur with this schema.

[4 marks]

(c) Identify possible redundancies in this database.

[3 marks]

(d) Normalise this schema so that it is in Boyce Codd Normal Form (BCNF). In you answer, describe each step in detail.

[15 marks]

[Total 25 marks]

Obtained score

Question 5:

Below is the definition of a table **t_student** and a source code to access this table by using JDBC. Examine the code and answer the questions below:

Table **t_student**

<u>Student_ID</u>	INT
First_Name	VARCHAR(30)
List_Name	VARCHAR(30)
DOB	Date
School	VARCHAR(20)

```
public class Student{  
    //TODO  
}
```

```
import java.sql.*  
import java.util.ArrayList;  
import java.util.List;  
public class DBHelper {  
    public static Connection getConn() throws SQLException{  
        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/db_student";  
        Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(url);  
        return conn;  
    }  
    public static List<Student> getAllStudents() {  
        //TODO  
    }  
    public static void deleteStudent(int sid){  
        //TODO  
    }  
    public static void saveStudent(Student s){  
        //TODO  
    }  
}
```

- (a) Explain what JDBC stands for and what it is used for. [3 marks]
- (b) Define a **Student** class to represent the data in the table t-student. [4 marks]
- (c) Complete the code above filling the method getAllStudents() to retrieve all students from the table. [5 marks]
- (d) Complete the code above filling the method deleteStudent(int sid) to delete the student with given sid from the table. [5 marks]
- (e) Complete the code above filling the method saveStudent(Student s) to save the student into the database. [5 marks]
- (f) Explain what ORM stands for and what it is used for? [3 marks]
- [Total 25 marks]