



Beijing-Dublin International College



SEMESTER I FINAL EXAMINATION - 2018/2019

School of INSERT SCHOOL: Beijing University of Technology

MODULE CODE and MODULE TITLE

BDIC2005J/BDIC1033J, Probability and Statistics

HEAD OF SCHOOL NAME: BDIC

MODULE COORDINATOR NAME*: Han Min, Zhao Xu, Min Hui

OTHER EXAMINER NAME

Time Allowed: 90 minutes

Instructions for Candidates

All questions carry equal marks. The distribution of marks in the right margin shown as a percentage gives an approximate indication of the relative importance of each part of the question.

BJUT Student ID: _____

UCD Student ID: _____

I have read and clearly understand the Examination Rules of both Beijing University of Technology and University College Dublin. I am aware of the Punishment for Violating the Rules of Beijing University of Technology and/or University College Dublin. I hereby promise to abide by the relevant rules and regulations by not giving or receiving any help during the exam. If caught violating the rules, I accept the punishment thereof.

Honesty Pledge: _____ **(Signature)**

Instructions for Invigilators

Non-programmable calculators are permitted.

No rough-work paper is to be provided for candidates.

Obtained score

Question 1:**Vacancy (Each blank 3 marks)**

- (1) There are two events A and B . $P(A)=0.1$, $P(A \cup B)=0.4$.

If A and B are mutually exclusive, $P(B)=$ _____.

If A and B are mutually independent, $P(B)=$ _____.

- (2) Suppose the random variable $X \sim U(a,b)$. $E(X)=5$, $D(X)=3$, $a=$ _____, $b=$ _____.

- (3) Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n ($n > 2$) be a sample from $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$.

$$\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i, \quad S^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2.$$

$$\sqrt{n}(\bar{X} - \mu) / \sqrt{S^2} \sim \text{_____}, \quad (n-1)S^2 / \sigma^2 \sim \text{_____}.$$

- (4) Let X_1, \dots, X_{10} be a sample from $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$. We can calculate the sample mean 5 and sample variance 0.25 are respectively. μ and σ^2 are unknown parameters.
The confidence interval of μ with confidence level 95% is [_____, _____].
The confidence interval of σ^2 with confidence level 95% is [_____, _____].

Obtained score

Question 2: (14 marks)

5 of the 8 guns have been calibrated, 3 have not been calibrated. The probability of a shooter hitting a target with a calibrated gun is 0.8; The probability of the shooter hitting target using an uncalibrated gun is 0.3.

- (a) Find the probability of the shooter not hitting target;
(b) Now take one of the 8 guns and shoot, the result is that the shooter hits the target.
Find the probability that the gun used to shoot is a calibrated gun.

Obtained score

Question 3: (14 marks)

Suppose that the probability density function of the continuous random variable X is

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{c^2 + x^2}, & x \in (0, \frac{\pi}{4}); \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

Find:

- (a) The value of constant c ;
(b) $P\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\pi}{12} < X \leq \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$;
(c) $E(X)$.

Obtained score

Question 4: (14 marks)

Suppose that the joint probability density of two random variables X and Y are given by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} c \cdot y^3(2 - x), & 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq x, \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

Find:

- The value of constant c ;
- The marginal densities $f_X(x)$, $f_Y(y)$;
- Whether the two random variables X and Y are independent or not?
(Please give your reason);
- $E(XY)$

Obtained score

Question 5: (14 marks)

Suppose $X_1, X_2 \dots X_n$ is a sample from X , and the probability density function of X is

$$f(x; \theta) = \begin{cases} \theta^2 x e^{-\theta x}, & x > 0, \\ 0, & x \leq 0, \end{cases}$$

where $\theta > 0$. Find:

- The moment estimator of θ ;
- The maximum likelihood estimator of θ .

Obtained score

Question 6: (14 marks)

The capacities (in ampere-hours) of 10 batteries were recorded as follows:

102, 97, 101, 103, 101, 98, 99, 104, 103, 98

Under the assumption that the capacity is normal distributed as $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$.

Question: at level of significance 0.05,

- test $H_0 : \mu = 100 \leftrightarrow H_1 : \mu \neq 100$,
- test $H_0 : \sigma^2 = 2.5 \leftrightarrow H_1 : \sigma^2 > 2.5$.

The t distribution table and the χ^2 distribution table

$t_9(0.025) = 2.2622$	$t_9(0.05) = 1.8331$	$t_{10}(0.025) = 2.2281$	$t_{10}(0.05) = 1.8125$
$\chi_9^2(0.025) = 19.023$	$\chi_9^2(0.05) = 16.919$	$\chi_9^2(0.975) = 2.700$	$\chi_9^2(0.95) = 3.325$
$\chi_{10}^2(0.025) = 20.483$	$\chi_{10}^2(0.05) = 18.307$	$\chi_{10}^2(0.975) = 3.247$	$\chi_{10}^2(0.95) = 3.940$

Appendix :