

Beijing-Dublin International College



SEMESTER	I	FINAL EXAMINATION – 2017/2018

School of Mathematics and Statistics BDIC1029J & BDIC1025J Maths 1 (Advanced Mathematics)

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Time Allowed: 90 minutes

Instructions for Candidates

Answer ALL questions. The marks that each question carry is written as shown.

BJUT Student ID: UCD Student ID:
I have read and clearly understand the Examination Rules of both Beijing University of
Technology and University College Dublin. I am aware of the Punishment for Violating the
Rules of Beijing University of Technology and/or University College Dublin. I hereby
promise to abide by the relevant rules and regulations by not giving or receiving any help
during the exam. If caught violating the rules, I accept the punishment thereof.
Honesty Pledge: (Signature)

Instructions for Invigilators

Non-programmable calculators are permitted. NO dictionaries are permitted. No rough-work paper is to be provided for candidates.

NOTE: Answer **ALL** questions.

Time allowed is 90 minutes.

The exam paper has 2 sections on 4 pages, with a full score of 100 marks.

You are required to use the provided Examination Book only for answers.

Section A: Fill-in-the-blank Questions

This section is worth a total of 80 marks, with each question worth 5 marks.

1. Given

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin x}{\sin ax} = 5,$$

evaluate $a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.

2. Given

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\ln\left[1 + f(x)\right]}{\sin x} = 3,$$

find the limit

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{f(x)}{x} = \underline{\qquad}.$$

3. Find the limit

$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 5} - 1}{(x - 2)^2} = \underline{\qquad}.$$

4. Find the limit

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{e^{\cos x - 1} - 1}{x^2} = \underline{\qquad}.$$

5. Find the limit

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 + 2}\right)^{x^2} = \underline{\qquad}.$$

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6. Find the limit

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sqrt[n]{3^n + 5^n} = \underline{\qquad}.$$

7. Find the limit

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x - \pi}{\sin x} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

8. Given

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^5 + 4x^3 + 2x - 7}{1 - x^5} = b,$$

evaluate $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$. Then find the equation of the horizontal asymptote of the curve

$$y = \frac{x^5 + 4x^3 + 2x - 7}{1 - x^5}.$$

9. Evaluate

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{e^{3x} - e^{5x}}{x} = \underline{\qquad}$$

10. Given

$$y = x \cdot \cos 3x$$
,

find the higher order derivative $y^{(8)} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.

11. Let f(x) be the function

$$f\left(x\right) =\frac{x}{x+1}.$$

Find the higher order derivative $f^{(2018)}(x) = \underline{\qquad}$

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12. Given

$$\begin{cases} x = 2t + 1, \\ y = \arctan t, \end{cases} t \text{ being a parameter, } t \in \mathbb{R},$$

evaluate

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \underline{\qquad \qquad }, \qquad \qquad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \underline{\qquad }.$$

13. Use logarithmic differentiation to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, where

$$y = \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-x^3}}{(x^2+1)^3}.$$

14. Given

$$y = \frac{x - 5}{\sqrt[3]{x^2 + 2}},$$

find

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \underline{\qquad}$$

15. Evaluate

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \left(\frac{x}{x - 1} - \frac{1}{\ln x} \right),\,$$

16. Let f(x) be the function

$$f(x) = \sin \ln x.$$

Find the differential $df(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.

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Section B: Extended Answer Questions

This section is worth a total of 20 marks, with each question worth 5 marks.

17. Let y(x) be the function

$$y = \frac{e^{\frac{1}{x}} - 1}{e^{\frac{1}{x}} + 1} + \sin(x - 2)\sin\frac{1}{x - 2}.$$

Find all the discontinuous point(s) of y(x), and determine the type of discontinuity for each point.

18. Prove that the equation $\sin x = x$ has only one root.

19. Given $f(x) = 2x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x + 1$, determine its monotonic increasing interval and monotonic decreasing interval, and find its local maximum value and local minimum value.

20. Suppose f(x) is a continuous function over the interval [0,1]. f(x) is derivable on the point (0,1), with evaluation f(1) = 0.

Try to prove that there exists at least one number $\xi \in (0,1)$, such that

$$f'(\xi) = -\frac{3f(\xi)}{\xi}.$$

Glossary

Auxiliary function 辅助函数

Curve 曲线

Derivative 导数

Differentiable 可微分的

Differential 微分

Discontinuity

不连续

Higher order derivative 高阶导数

Horizontal asymptote 水平渐近线

Infinitesimal 无穷小量

Local maximum 局部最大值

Logarithmic differentiation 对数求导法

Minimum 最小值

Monotonic increasing 单调递增

Tangent line 切线